

Let's jump into the world of an extraordinary critter, the camel cricket! These amazing insects get their name from their humpbacked appearance, similar to a camel. They have long, spider-like legs and bodies that can grow up to 1.5 inches long. Their color ranges from light to dark brown, allowing them to blend in with their surroundings.



From their unique looks, we hop to their fascinating homes and diets. Camel crickets are found all over the world, especially in cool,

damp places like caves, under stones, and in human basements. They are omnivorous scavengers, which means they'll munch on just about anything, from fungi, plant materials, to even other insects. Sometimes, they even eat each other when food is scarce!

Now that we've explored their homes and diets, let's leap into their life cycle and interactions. Camel crickets go through three stages: egg, nymph, and adult. They usually keep to themselves but can be a nuisance to humans when they invade homes, though they do not pose any serious threats. In the wild, they serve as a food source for other animals and help in breaking down decaying plant material.



From their role in the ecosystem, let's bounce to some unique facts and differences. Unlike their cricket cousins, camel crickets do not chirp because they don't have wings. Their 'humpback' design and long legs differentiate them from other cricket species and help them jump high when they are threatened. So, next time you spot a silent, jumping critter in your basement, remember it might just be a harmless camel cricket playing its part in the circle of life.



Solve each problem.

water

Use the article to answer the question.

- 1) What is the color of camel crickets?
 - A. Their color ranges from light to dark brown.
 - C. They are black and white, like a zebra.
- B. They are transparent and can blend with any color.
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- 2) What do camel crickets get their name from?
 - A. They tend to hang around camels
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B. They migrate to find new food

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- D. Because they spit like a camel does
- 3) What happens when food is scarce for camel crickets?
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- 5) How does a camel crickets chirp compare to other crickets chirp?
 - A. Camel crickets produce a low buzzing sound instead of chirping.
- B. Camel crickets chirps are much louder.
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- **6)** Where can we commonly find camel crickets?
 - A. They are commonly found in vast, open grassland.
- B. They are found in hot, dry desert environments.
- C. They are found in cool, damp places.
- D. They live in tall trees within dense rainforests.

- 7) What do camel crickets eat?
 - A. They prey solely on other insects and small animals.
- B. They eat just about anything, from fungi to other insects.
- C. They feed only on nectar and pollen from flowers.
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- 8) Which is not a stage camel crickets go through in their life cycle?
 - A. Egg

B. Adult

C. Nymph

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- 9) What is the size of a fully grown camel cricket?
 - A. About the size of an apple seed
- B. About an inch and a half

C. They are half a foot long

- D. They are microscopic
- **10)** Do camel crickets pose a serious threat to humans?
 - A. They have a poisonous bite that can
- B. Yes, they can be harmful to humans.

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harm humans.

- C. No, they do not pose any serious threats to humans.
- D. They can spread dangerous diseases to humans rapidly.

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

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- 23) "I'm actually pretty important. I help to break down decaying plants."
- **24)** "I can grow up to 3 inches long."
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Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- 31) Camel crickets are omnivorous and eat a variety of things, including plant materials and other insects.
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- 33) These crickets are often found in cool, damp places like caves and basements.
- 34) Camel crickets are the coolest type of cricket because they don't chirp like their cousins.
- **35)** Camel crickets are named so because of their humped backs.



Name:

- 36) Camel crickets are the scariest type of cricket because of their humpbacked bodies.
- **37**) Camel crickets do not chirp because they lack wings.
- **38)** Camel crickets can grow up to almost 2 inches long.
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- **40**) Having camel crickets in your home isn't really a problem as they are just looking for a place to live, and they don't bite.

Determine if the statement is true or false.

- 41) Camel crickets serve as a food source for other animals.
- **42)** Camel crickets are named so because they store water like camels.
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- **44**) Camel crickets can grow up to 6 inches long.
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- **46)** Camel crickets are mostly found in deserts, like camels.
- 47) Many people keep camel crickets as pets and enjoy their chirping.
- **48)** Camel crickets are carnivores.
- **49**) Camel crickets are mostly harmless to humans.
- 50) Camel crickets are named for their humpbacked appearance.

Determine which choice is the expanded form of the underlined contraction.

- 51) They can't fly, but their jumping skills help them escape from predators.
 - A. will not

B. cannot

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D. do not

- 52) It's fun to learn about camel crickets and their unique behaviors.
 - A. It is

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Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

56) Camel crickets are omnivorous and feed on a variety of things like dead insects, plant matter, and even other camel crickets.



- Name:
- 57) It's interesting to note that Camel crickets are not actually true crickets!
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- **59**) How do camel crickets get their name?
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	Camel	Crickets	Name:	
1.	26.	51		
2.	27.	52.		
3.	28.	53.		
4.	29.	54		
5.	30.	55.		
6.	31.	56.		
7.	32.	57.		
8.	33.	58.		
9.	34.	59.		
10.	35.	60.		
11.	36.	61.		
12.	37.	62.		
13.	38.	63.		
14.	39.	64.		
15.	40.			

16. _____ 41. ____

17. _____ 42. ____

18. _____ 43. ____

19. _____ 44. ____

20. _____ 45. ____

21. _____ 46. ____

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24. _____ 49. ____

25. 50.



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Camel Crickets Name: Answer Key

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Answer Key

			Cumor Crickets
1.	A	26.	true
2.	B	27.	true
3.	D	28.	false
4.	D	29.	true
5.	C	30.	true
6.	C	31.	fact
7.	B	32.	opinion
8.	D	33.	fact
9.	В	34.	opinion
10.	C	35.	fact
11.	false	36.	opinion
12.	false	37.	fact
13.	true	38.	fact
14.	false	39.	opinion
15.	false	40.	opinion
16.	false	41.	true
17.	true	42.	false
18.	true	43.	true
19.	true	44.	false
20.	false	45.	true
21.	false	46.	false
22.	false	47.	false
23.	true	48.	false
24.	false	49. ₋	true
25.	true	50.	true

		NT
		N
51.	В	
52.	A	_
53.	D	_
54.	<u>A</u>	
55.	C	_
56.	declarative	
57.	exclamatory	
58.	declarative	
59.	interrogative	_
60.	interrogative	
61.	exclamatory	
62.	declarative	
63.	interrogative	
64.	exclamatory	

D.

Name:

Solve each problem.

Jse	the	articl	e to	answer	the	question.
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						4. 4	

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C.

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C. D.

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D.

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C. They are found in cool, damp places. D.

7) What do camel crickets eat? (paragraph 2)

A. B. They eat just about anything, from

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C. D.

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A. Egg B. Adult C. D. Pupa

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A. About the size of an apple seed B. About an inch and a half

C. D.



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A. They have a poisonous bite that can B. harm humans.

C. No, they do not pose any serious D. threats to humans.

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