Whooshing through the sky with grace, here come the swans, one of nature's most elegant birds! These large, beautiful birds are known for their long, curved necks and soft, white feathers. But did you know that not all swans are white? Some are black or even black and white! With their wide, strong wings, they look like they are dancing when they fly.

Speaking of dancing, swans have some pretty interesting ways of living too. They can be found all over the world, from the cold climates of Canada and Russia to the warm areas of Australia and Africa. Swans like to live near water, like lakes and ponds, where they can swim, fish and even sleep! In fact, they are excellent swimmers and divers, using their strong legs and webbed feet to move through the water.



Just like us, swans have their favorite food too! Swans are omnivorous, which means they eat both plants and small animals. They love to munch on aquatic plants, grasses, and grains, but they also eat insects, fish, and small water animals when they can catch them. Swans are not picky eaters, but they do prefer to eat in the water where they can use their long necks to reach food.



Now, let's paddle further into the swan's life cycle and their relationship with humans and other animals. Swans usually mate for life and both parents take care of the eggs and cygnets (baby swans). Humans and swans have a long history together, with swans often appearing in our stories and art, but we need to remember to respect them and their habitats. And remember, while swans are generally peaceful animals, they can be very protective of their young and will use their strong wings to defend themselves if they feel threatened.



Solve each problem.

Use the article to answer the question.

- 1) Are swans found all over the world?
 - A. Yes, swans are found all over the world.
 - C. No, swans are only found in cold areas.
- B. No, swans are only found in warm areas.
- D. No, swans are only found in America.
- 2) Do swans usually mate for life? Who takes care of the eggs and cygnets?
 - A. No, they don't mate for life and only one parent takes care of the eggs and cygnets
 - C. They don't mate for life but both parents take care of the eggs and cygnets
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- 4) Which best describes swans eating habits?
 - A. Swans do not eat.
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- **9)** What are swans known for?
 - A. Their small, round bodies and long, spiky feathers
 - C. Their long, curved necks and soft, white feathers
- B. Their long, curved beaks and webbed feet
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Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

- **10)** "Did you know we make good parents? Both males and females take care of the eggs and cygnets."
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- 27) It's fascinating that swans can sleep while floating on water.
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- 29) It is pretty impressive that swans can live all over the world, even in cold places like Canada and Russia.
- 30) Swans come in more colors than just white: some swans are black or even black and white.
- 31) Swans are scary because they can be very protective of their young.
- 32) Swans are omnivorous, which means they eat both plants and small animals.
- 33) Swans' white feathers make them look even more beautiful.
- **34)** While swans are generally calm animals, they can become very defensive and protective of their young.

Determine if the statement is true or false.



- **35)** Both male and female swans will take care of the eggs.
- **36)** All swans are white.
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Swan

Name:

1.		. 26.	
2.		27.	
3.		. 28.	
4.		29.	
5.		30.	
6.		. 31.	
7.		32.	
8.		. 33.	
9.		. 34.	
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12.		. 37.	
13.		. 38.	
14.		. 39.	
15.		40.	
16.		. 41.	
17.		42.	
18.		43.	
19.		. 44.	
20.		45.	
21.		46.	
22.		. 47.	
23.	,	48.	
24.		49.	
25.		50.	

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Swan

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Swan Name: Answer Key

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		Swan	Name	Answer Key
A	26.	true		
B	27.	opinion		
B	28.	opinion		
B	29.	opinion		
C	30.	fact		
C	31.	opinion		
В	32.	fact		
C	33.	opinion		
C	34.	fact		
true	35.	true		
true	36.	false		
true	37.	true		
false	38.	false		
true	39.	true		
false	40.	false		
false	41.	false		
true	42.	false		
true	43.	true		
true	44.	true		
false	45.	declarative		
true	46.	interrogative		
false	47.	declarative		
true	48.	declarative		
false	49.	interrogative		
	B B B C C C B C true true true false true false true true true false true true true true	A 26. B 27. B 28. B 29. C 30. C 31. B 32. C 34. true 35. true 37. false 38. true 39. false 40. false 41. true 42. true 43. true 44. false 45. true 46. false 47. true 48.	A 26. true B 27. opinion B 28. opinion B 29. opinion C 30. fact C 31. opinion B 32. fact C 33. opinion C 34. fact true 35. true true 36. false true 37. true false 40. false true 40. false false 41. false true 42. false true 43. true true 44. true false 45. declarative true 46. interrogative false 47. declarative	A

false

50.

interrogative



Solve each problem.

Use the article to answer the question.

1) Are swans found all over the world? (paragraph 2)

A. Yes, swans are found all over the world.

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C. D.

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3) Do all swans have white feathers? (paragraph 1)

A. B. No C. D.

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C. D.

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C. Yes D.

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