Speaking of food, let's dive into a flamingo's typical menu. They love to munch on small creatures like shrimps, snails, and microscopic organisms known as plankton. These animals contain a natural pigment called carotenoids that gives flamingos their pink color. When baby flamingos are born, they are grey or white, but they start to turn pink after eating food containing carotenoids.

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Name:

	Flar	nıngo	Name:					
Solv	e each problem.	-						
Use	the article to answer the question.							
1)	What are some foods flamingos eat?							
	A. Shrimps, snails, and plankton	B.	Grass, leaves, and fruits					
	C. Nuts, seeds, and berries	D.	Fish, frogs, and insects					
2)	How do flamingos get their dazzling color?							
	A. By bathing in bright colored water.	В.	They are born with it.					
	C. By rolling in colored mud.	D.	By eating certain types of food like shrimp and algae.					
3)	What color are baby flamingos when they	are bo	rn?					
	A. Yellow or orange	В.	Black or brown					
	C. pink or red	D.	Grey or white					
4)	What is a threat to flamingos?							
	A. Fire in the forest	В.	Heavy snow and ice					
	C. Rainstorms and floods	D.	Humans disturbing their natural habitats					
5)	What is the purpose of a flamingo's long	legs?						
í	A. To help them climb trees	-	To help them wade in deep waters					
	C. To help them run fast	D.	To help them fly					
5)	What gives flamingos their pink color?							
	A. Melanin	В.	Carotenoids					
	C. Keratin	D.	Chlorophyll					
7)	Where do most flamingos live?							
	A. Parts of Asia and Europe	В.	Parts of North America and Australia					
	C. Parts of Antarctica and Arctic	D.	Parts of Africa and South America					
8)	What kind of habitats do flamingos like?							
	A. Cities, towns, and villages	B.	Fields, meadows, and hills					
	C. Lakes, lagoons, and swamps	D.	Deserts, mountains, and forests					
9)	What's special about a flamingo's beak?							
	A. It is bent in the middle and they use it like a filter to catch their food in water.	t B.	It changes color to match their surroundings.					
	C. It's long and helps them reach high food sources.	D.	It is very sharp and helps them catch fish.					
0)	Why do flamingos live in large groups?	-						
	A. For warmth	В.	For protection from predators					

D. For play

C. For food



# Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

- 11) "I use my beak for hunting on the ground for worms."
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- 13) "My menu includes small creatures like shrimp or snails."
- 14) "My short legs make it difficult for me to go in water."
- **15**) "My favorite place to live is in the desert."
- **16)** "I like to eat fruits and vegetables."
- 17) "When I was a baby, I was grey."
- 18) "Living in large groups helps me increase my chances of finding a mate."
- **19**) "My unique beak is bent in the middle and I use it like a filter to catch my food in water."
- 20) "I enjoy being solitary and independent."
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- 23) "I get my pink color from eating food containing carotenoids."
- 24) "I like to live in small groups of less than 20."
- 25) "We grow up together in huge groups. There are sometimes thousands of us in one place."
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- 27) "I can be found all over the world, from Africa to Europe."
- 28) "I prefer to live in icy cold regions."
- **29**) "The secret behind my pink color is the food I eat."
- **30)** "We usually live in large groups so that we can help protect each other."

### Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- **31)** Living in large groups helps flamingos to stay safe from predators.
- **32)** The long neck of a flamingo is the most interesting part of its body.
- **33)** Flamingos eat small creatures like shrimp, snails, and plankton.
- **34)** Flamingos look the best when they are standing on one leg.
- **35)** Flamingos obtain their pink color from their diet.
- **36)** Flamingos are the best birds to watch because of their graceful movements.
- **37**) Flamingos can usually be found around lakes, lagoons, and swamps.
- **38)** Baby flamingos are not born pink.
- **39**) Flamingos are the most attractive birds because of their pink and red colors.
- **40**) Flamingos have the most unique beaks among all birds.

## Determine if the statement is true or false.

- **41**) Living in large groups helps protect flamingos from predators.
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## Reading

	Flaming	0		Name:			
<u>44</u> )	Baby flamingos are pink when they are born.						
45)	Flamingos live in parts of Africa and Europe.						
46)	Flamingos mainly feed on large animals like t		bises and rabbits.				
47)	Flamingos eat only plants and seeds.						
48)	Flamingos prefer to live by themselves.						
<b>49</b> )	Flamingos use their uniquely shaped beak to c	catel	h food in water.				
50)	Flamingos obtain their color by eating certain						
Dete	rmine which choice is the expanded form of	• 1					
	Flamingos <u>don't</u> usually fly at night.	the	under mied contraction.				
- /		B. (	do not				
	C. doesn't	D. (	can't				
52)	Flamingos aren't just beautiful to look at, they'	're a	in important part of the eco s	system.			
,	<u> </u>		couldn't	-			
	C. won't	D.	doesn't				
53)	It's a fact that flamingos stand on one leg to co	onsei	rve heat.				
	A. they are	<b>B</b> .	it was				
	C. it has	D. 1	It is				
54)	They've discovered that the flamingo's pink co	olor	comes from its diet.				
,	• • • •		They were				
	C. They will	D. '	They are				
55)	) <u>I'm</u> amazed by how flamingos can fly," said the zookeeper.						
	A. I have	<b>B</b> .	I was				
	C. I am	D. 1	I will				
D (		1					
	Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).						
-	Flamingos build their nests out of mud.						

- **56**) Flamingos build their nests out of mud.
- 57) Flamingos are pink because of their diet, isn't that astonishing!
- 58) It's incredible to know that flamingos have been around for 30 million years!
- **59**) There are four different species of flamingos, what a surprise!
- **60)** The largest known spreading of flamingos occurred in India with about 1.5 million individuals, just how many flamingos is that!
- 61) Flamingos can stand on one leg for a long time.
- **62)** Do flamingos lay eggs?
- 63) Flamingos can live up to 50 years, imagine that!
- **64)** Flamingos live in large groups called colonies.
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<b>67</b> )	Flamingo   What do flamingos eat?	Name:				
68)						
<b>69</b> )	Did you know that a flock of flamingos is called a "flamboyance", how unique is that!					
<b>70</b> )	The fact that flamingos filter-feed on brine shrimp and blue-green algae is just fascinating!					
71)	Flamingos have the ability to drink boiling hot water, isn't that	at mind-blowing!				
68) 69) 70)	Flamingos always stand on one leg to keep the other one war different they are from us! Did you know that a flock of flamingos is called a "flamboya The fact that flamingos filter-feed on brine shrimp and blue-g	nce", how unique is that! green algae is just fascinating!				

	Flamingo	Name:	
1	26	51	
2.	27	52	
3.	28	53	
4	29.	54	
5.	30.	55	
б	31.	56	
7	32.	57	
8.	33.	58	
9.	34	59	
10	35	60	
11	36.	61	
12.	37	62.	
13.	38	63.	
14	39.	64.	
15	40.	65.	
16.	41	66.	
17	42.	67	
18.	43.	68.	
19.	44	69	
20.	45	70	
21.	46	71	
22.	47		
23.	48.		
24.	49.		
25. Reading	50		
ww	ww.CommonCoreSheets.com	Page 6 of 6	

Hey there, have you ever spotted a bird standing on one leg, colored in shades of pink and red? That's a flamingo, a beautiful bird that gets its dazzling color from eating certain types of food, like shrimp and algae. These stunning creatures have long, lean necks and equally long legs that help them wade in deep waters. Flamingos have a unique beak that's bent in the middle, which they use like a filter to catch their food in water.

Speaking of food, let's dive into a flamingo's typical menu. They love to munch on small creatures like shrimps, snails, and microscopic organisms known as plankton. These animals contain a natural pigment called carotenoids that gives flamingos their pink color. When baby flamingos are born, they are grey or white, but they start to turn pink after eating food containing carotenoids.

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Solve each problem. Use the article to answer the question. 1) What are some foods flamingos eat? A. Shrimps, snails, and plankton B. Grass, leaves, and fruits C. Nuts, seeds, and berries D. Fish, frogs, and insects 2) How do flamingos get their dazzling color? A. By bathing in bright colored water. B. They are born with it. C. By rolling in colored mud. shrimp and algae. 3) What color are baby flamingos when they are born? A. Yellow or orange B. Black or brown C. pink or red D. Grey or white 4) What is a threat to flamingos? A. Fire in the forest B. Heavy snow and ice C. Rainstorms and floods D. Humans disturbing their natural habitats 5) What is the purpose of a flamingo's long legs? A. To help them climb trees B. To help them wade in deep waters C. To help them run fast D. To help them fly 6) What gives flamingos their pink color? A. Melanin B. Carotenoids C. Keratin D. Chlorophyll 7) Where do most flamingos live? A. Parts of Asia and Europe C. Parts of Antarctica and Arctic 8) What kind of habitats do flamingos like? A. Cities, towns, and villages B. Fields, meadows, and hills C. Lakes, lagoons, and swamps D. Deserts, mountains, and forests 9) What's special about a flamingo's beak? A. It is bent in the middle and they use it B. It changes color to match their like a filter to catch their food in surroundings. water. C. It's long and helps them reach high food sources. fish.

- **10)** Why do flamingos live in large groups?
  - A. For warmth
  - C. For food

D. By eating certain types of food like

- B. Parts of North America and Australia
- D. Parts of Africa and South America

- D. It is very sharp and helps them catch
- B. For protection from predators
- D. For play



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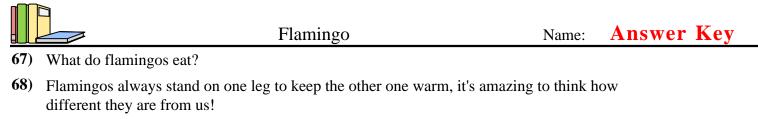
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,	A. are not		couldn't	•			
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	A. they are	B.	it was				
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			Flamingo			Name:	Answer	Key
1.	Α	26	true	51.	В			
2.	D	27	true	52.	A	_		
3.	D	28	false	53.	D	_		
4.	D	29	true	54.	A	_		
5.	В	30	true	55.	С	_		
6.	В	31	fact	56.	declarative	_		
7.	<b>D</b>	32	opinion	57.	exclamatory	_		
8.	С	33	fact	58.	exclamatory			
9.	Α	34	opinion	59.	exclamatory			
10.	В	35	fact	60.	exclamatory	_		
11.	false	36	opinion	61.	declarative			
12.	false	37	fact	62.	interrogative			
13.	true	38	fact	63.	exclamatory	_		
14.	false	39	opinion	64.	declarative			
15.	false	40	opinion	65.	interrogative	_		
16.	false	41	true	66.	exclamatory	_		
17.	true	42	false	67.	interrogative	_		
18.	true	43	true	68.	exclamatory	_		
19.	true	44	false	69.	exclamatory	_		
20.	false	45.	true	70.	exclamatory			
21.	false	46	false	71.	exclamatory	_		
22.	false	47	false					
23.	true	48	false					
24.	false	49	true					
25.	true	50	true					
	Reading	www.Common	nCoreSheets.com	Page	5 of 5			

		Flamingo	Name:				
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	C.	D.					
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	С.	D.	By eating certain types of food like				
			shrimp and algae.				
3)	What color are baby flamingos whe	en they are bor	m? (paragraph 2)				
	A. Yellow or orange	B.					
	С.	D.	Grey or white				
4)	What is a threat to flamingos? (parage	caph 4)					
,	A. Fire in the forest		Heavy snow and ice				
	С.	D.	Humans disturbing their natural				
			habitats				
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ŗ	A. To help them climb trees	B.	To help them wade in deep waters				
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•)	A. Melanin		Carotenoids				
	С.	D.					
7)	Where do most flamingos live? (para	1.2)					
')	A. Parts of Asia and Europe		Parts of North America and Australia				
	C.		Parts of Africa and South America				
<b>D</b> \	What kind of babitate 1. flow?	Lilro9					
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